Focus:

- 1. To be able to identify the slope and y-intercept of a straight-line graph.
- 2. To be able to determine a linear equation using slope and y-intercept.
- 3. To be able to rewrite a linear relation in slope-intercept form
- 4. To be able to graph equations in slope-intercept form.

Curricular Competencies

- A2 I can explore, analyze and apply mathematical ideas
- C3 I can use proper math vocabulary and language in discussions

Need to Know:

Slope measures the Stelp Ness of an incline or a decline. It can be calculated using: $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ (given points)

M=<u>rise</u> (gr

The **y-intercept** is the point where the graph crosses or touches the vertical axis. Its coordinate is The x-intercept is the point where the graph crosses or touches the horizontal axis. Its coordinate is _____ χ_0

When graphing, we usually start at a point often the u-intercepthen use the <u>slap</u> to determine other points on the graph.

Slope-Intercept Form of a Linear Equation $= M \chi + 1$ m: b: x:

Example 1:

Write the equation of the linear functions in slope-intercept form given the information.



Example 2:

Graph the following linear equations and state the coordinates of the x - and y - intercepts.



y=mx+b $y=\frac{2}{5}x+3$ y = mx + b $y = -\frac{8}{7}x - \frac{1}{7}$

Example 3:

Write the equations of the following graphis in slope-intercept form.



Example 4:

Determine the equation of the following in slope-intercept form.

a) E (2,3) and F (1,7) b) J (-6,-2) and K (5,8)



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