Focus:

1. To be able to multiply a polynomial by a monomial.



Curricular Competencies:

C3: I can use proper math vocabulary and language

Multiplying Monomials

Remember the exponent rules for multiplying and dividing?

$$x^a \cdot x^b = x^{a+b}$$

$$\frac{x^a}{x^b} = x^{a-b}$$

Multiply the following:

 $3(4x^2)$

(2zy)(-7xy)

8x643z3

(3abc)(-4abc)(2abc)

 $-240^{3}b^{3}c^{3}$

Multiplying Polynomials

___. It states that each term of one polynomial must be multiplied by each term in all other polynomials being multiplied together.

$$A(x + y + z) = Ax + Ay + Az$$

To apply the distributive property, expand the brackets and then SIMPLITY a terms

Expand and simplify the following:

3(x - 2y + 3z)

3x-64+9Z

$$2a(4a^2 - 3a + 7)$$

$$2a(4a^2-3a+7)$$
 $(5p^3-2p^2+p-1)(-7p)$ $8a^3-6a^2+14a$ $-35p^4+14p^3-7p^2+7p$

Multiplying Polynomials Part 2

These problems are slightly more challenging. They require using order of operations.

distribute to get rid of brackets

add or subtract as required

simplify by <u>collecting</u> like terms

$$2(x+3) + 4(2x-1)$$

 $2x+6+8x-4$
 $10x+2$

$$3a(2a^{2}b - ab + b^{2}) - 6b(a^{3} + 3ab - 5b^{2})$$

 $6a^{3}b - 3a^{2}b + 3ab^{2} - 6a^{3}b - 18ab^{2} + 30b^{3}$
 $-3a^{2}b - 15a^{2}b + 30b^{3}$

$$(x-2)-(3x+4)$$
 $(x-2)-(3x+4)$ $(3-2y)-(-4+y)$ $-2x-6$ $x-2-3x-4$ $3-2y+4-y$ $-2x-6$ $7-3y$

Dividing Polynomials

$$\frac{16xy^2}{-4xy} \qquad \qquad \frac{24x^2 - 18xy}{3x}$$

$$-4y \qquad \qquad 8x - 6y$$

assignment: Prerequisite Skills w/s, Polynomial Review w/s